**Insert a Node at the Tail of a Linked List**

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This challenge is part of a tutorial track by[MyCodeSchool](http://www.youtube.com/mycodeschool)and is accompanied by a video lesson.

You are given the pointer to the head node of a linked list and an integer to add to the list. Create a new node with the given integer. Insert this node at the tail of the linked list and return the head node. The given head pointer may be null, meaning that the initial list is empty.

**Input Format**   
You have to complete the Node\* Insert(Node\* head, int data) method. It takes two arguments: the head of the linked list and the integer to insert. You should **not** read any input from the stdin/console.

**Output Format**   
Insert the new node at the tail and just return the head of the updated linked list. Do **not**print anything to stdout/console.

**Sample Input**

NULL, data =    
 --> NULL, data =

**Sample Output**

2 -->NULL

2 --> 3 --> NULL

**Explanation**   
1. We have an empty list, and we insert .   
2. We start with a  in the tail. When  is inserted,  then becomes the tail.

**Video lesson**

<https://www.hackerrank.com/challenges/insert-a-node-at-the-tail-of-a-linked-list?h_r=next-challenge&h_v=zen>

/\*

Insert Node at the end of a linked list

head pointer input could be NULL as well for empty list

Node is defined as

struct Node

{

int data;

struct Node \*next;

}

\*/

Node\* Insert(Node \*head,int data)

{

Node \*cur= new Node;

cur->data = data;

cur->next = NULL;

if(head==NULL){

head = cur;

}else{

Node \*curr = new Node;

curr = head;

while(curr->next !=NULL){

curr = curr->next;

}

curr->next = cur;

}

return head; //no entiendo por que retorna head, si no le asigna nada previamente

}